### TOURMALINE FIELD LAB



EOSC110 – Earth Science

Ray Rector - Instructor

### Friday 4/1: Tourmaline Beach Field Trip

Meeting Location: Meet at 3:00pm in the Tourmaline Beach Parking lot See directions in the lab reader p. 67 Fieldtrip concludes at 5:00pm

<u>Lab Worksheet</u>: Bring pages p.66 – 72 Also bring a clipboard

**Transportation:** Travel by private car. Carpool with fellow students. People without a car find a classmate who does.

**Tourmaline Pre-lab Quiz:** (p. 66) due day of trip

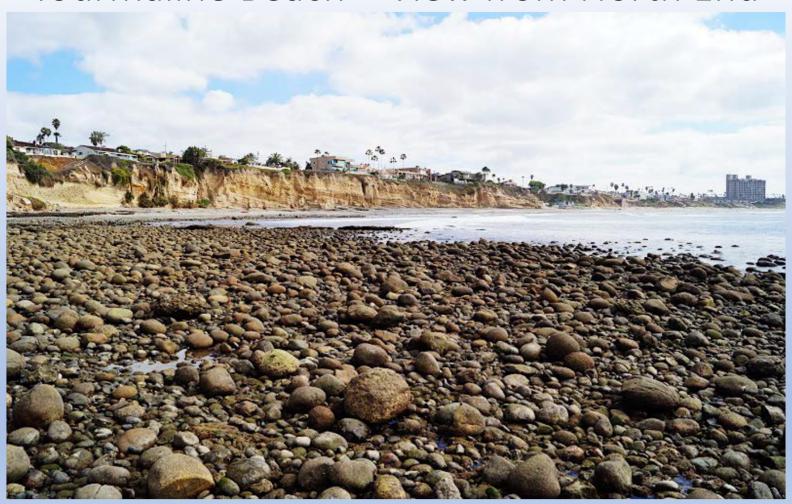




# Location of Tourmaline Beach: Where Pacific Beach Meets La Jolla Peninsula and Mt Soledad



#### Tourmaline Beach – View from North End

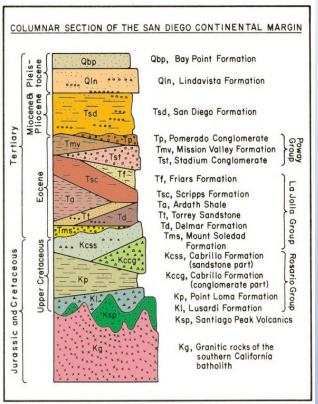


Note the low angle southward dip of the strata

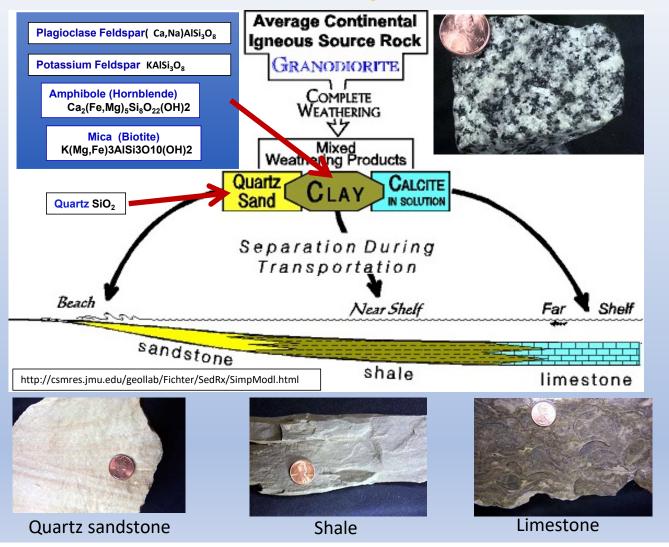
## The Western Coastal Plain:

Late-Cretaceous- to
Cenozoic-age fluvial-littoralneritic marine siliciclastic
rock sequence deposited
atop the Mesozoic-age
igneous basement rocks





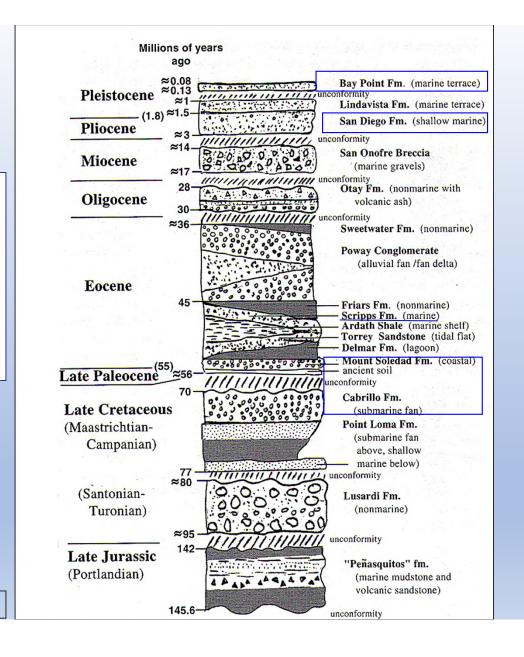
#### Igneous Source Rock Weathers to Clay, Quartz & Dissolved Ions



Sedimentary rocks in the San Diego coastal region

Stratigraphic Column: a vertical sequence of rock formations, oldest on bottom.

**Shows**: Name of rock layer (formation), age, description, and thickness.



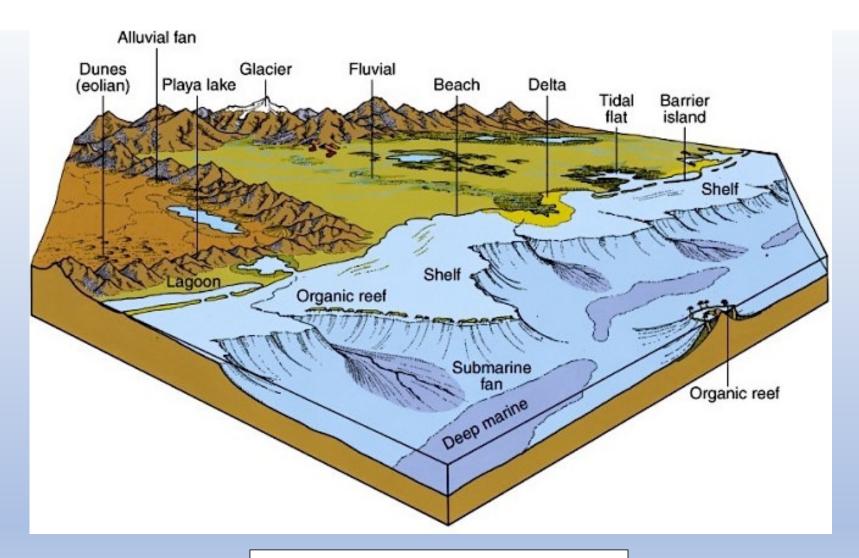
From Abbott, 1999

#### **Formation:**

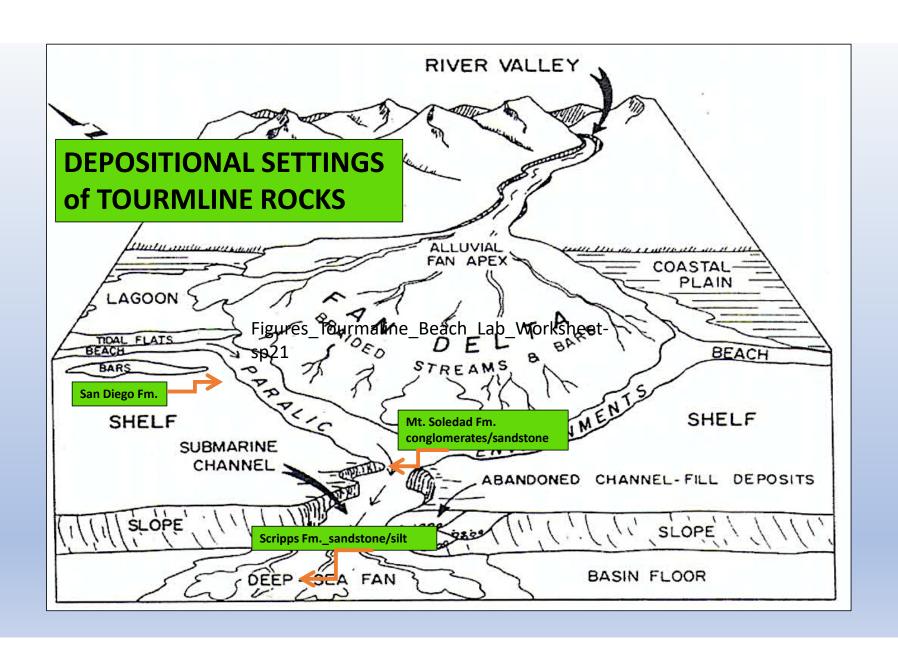
- Lithologically homogeneous (all beds are the same rock type or a distinctive set of interbedded rock types). Depositional Environment
- Traceable from exposure to exposure, and of sufficient thickness to be mappable (formations are commonly hundreds of feet thick, but may be thinner or thicker).
- Formations are usually named for some geographic locality where they are particularly well exposed. (This locality is referred to as the type section.)

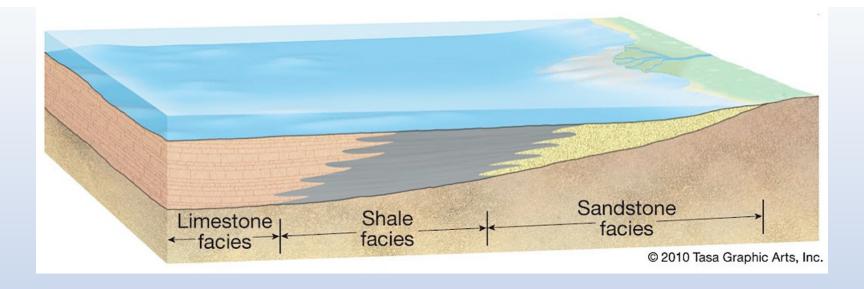
Pt. Loma Fm. at Cabrillo National Monument





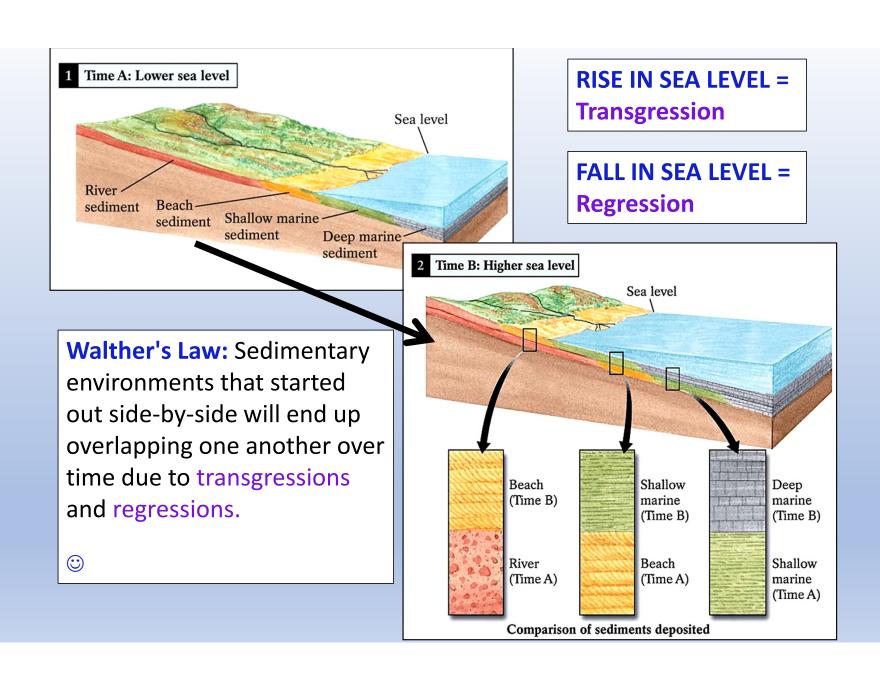
**Depositional Environments** 

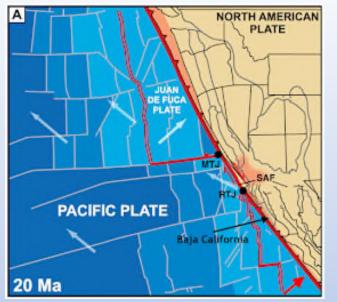




#### **Sedimentary Facies**

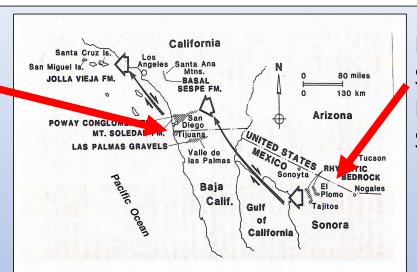
- ☑ Different sediments often accumulate adjacent to one another at the same time
- **Example 2.** Possesses a distinctive set of characteristics reflecting the conditions in a particular environment





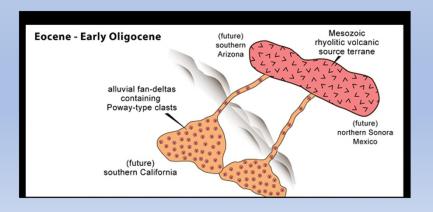
## The POWAY CLAST Story The San Diego – Sonora Mex Connection

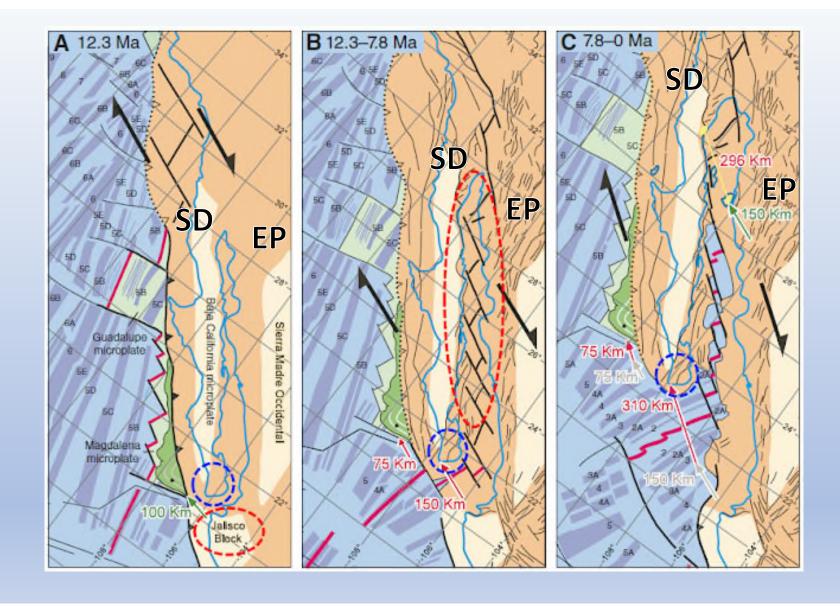
San Diego, CA: Site of Poway Clast Deposition

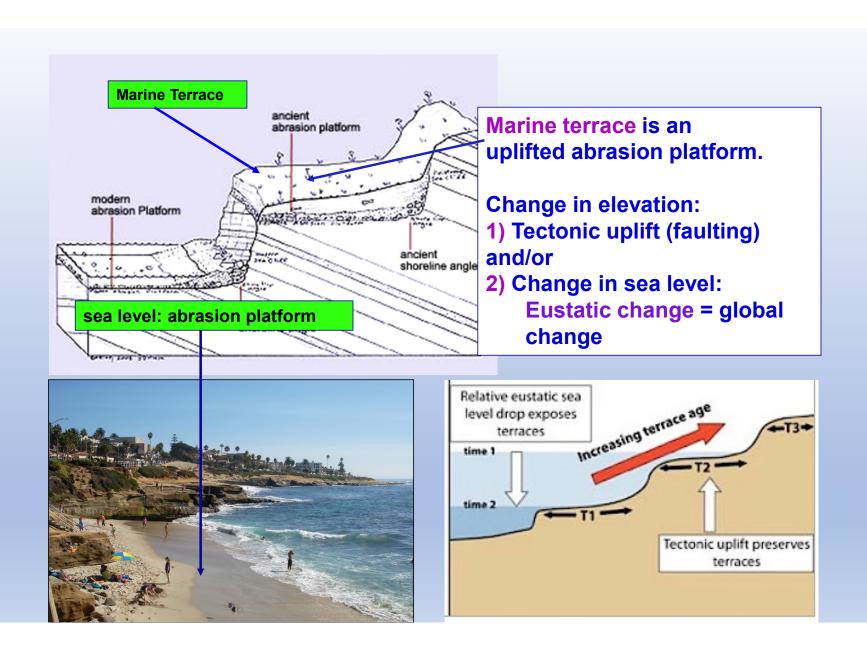


El Plumo, Sonora Mex: Poway Clast Source Rock

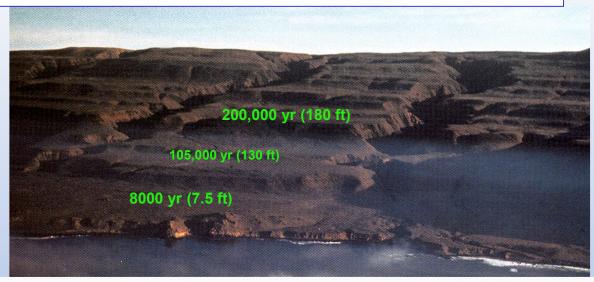


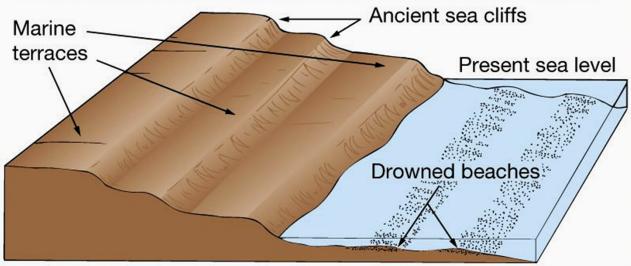






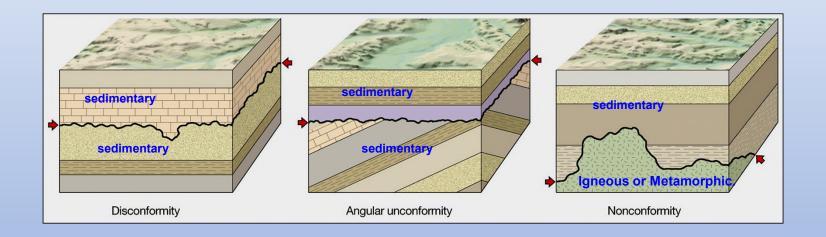
#### **Marine Terraces: San Clemente Island**



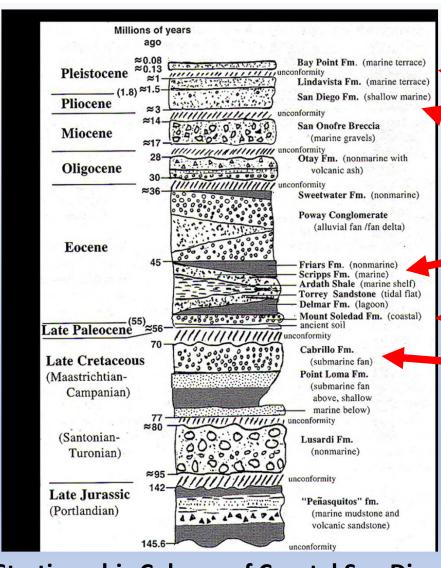


#### **Unconformity: An erosional surface**

- An unconformity is a break in the rock record (not time) produced by erosion and/or non deposition of rock units
- 3 types of unconformities



See page 15 in lab manual



#### **Tourmaline Beach Rock Formations**

Bay Point Formation

San Diego Formation

Scripps Formation

Mount Soledad Formation

Cabrillo Formation

All of the geologic rock formations at Tourmaline Beach are sedimentary and formed in various coastal geographic setting – from river delta to shorelines to submarine canyon

**Stratigraphic Column of Coastal San Diego** 

#### Rock Formations Observed in the Bluff Face



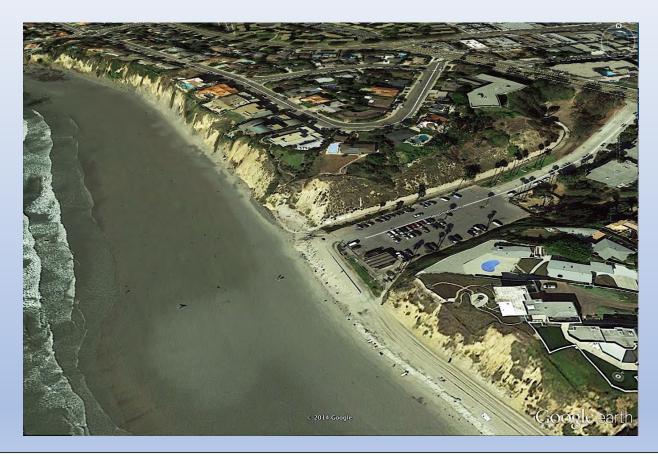
Sandstone and conglomerate cut-and-fill channel deposits of the 52 mya Mount Soledad Formation



Siltstone turbidite deposits of the 46 mya Scripps Formation

Complete Stratigraphic
Column: a vertical sequence of rock formations, oldest on bottom.

**Shows**: Name of rock layer (formation), age, description, and thickness.



Tourmaline Beach, San Diego – North end of Pacific Beach